

O WALY WALY
setting, John Turner

[illegible]

5

[illegible]

15

Exercise 15 consists of four measures in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first measure contains a dotted quarter note on G2 and an eighth note on F#2. The second measure contains a dotted quarter note on G2 and an eighth note on F#2. The third measure contains a quarter note on G2, a quarter note on F#2, a quarter note on E2, and a quarter note on D2. The fourth measure contains a quarter note on G2, a quarter note on F#2, a quarter note on E2, and a quarter note on D2. A triplet of eighth notes (G2, F#2, E2) is indicated by a bracket and the number 3 below the staff.

19

Musical notation for measure 19, bass clef, key of D major. The measure contains a sequence of eighth and sixteenth notes, including triplets and slurs.

[illegible]

27



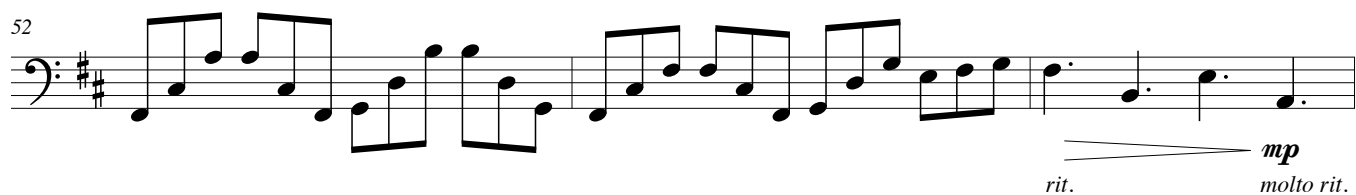
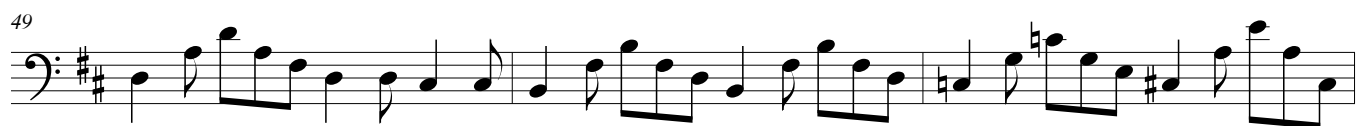
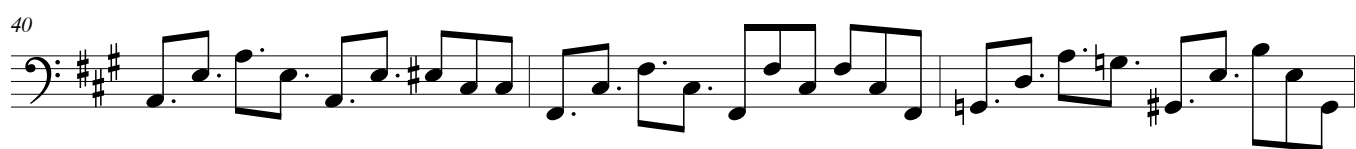
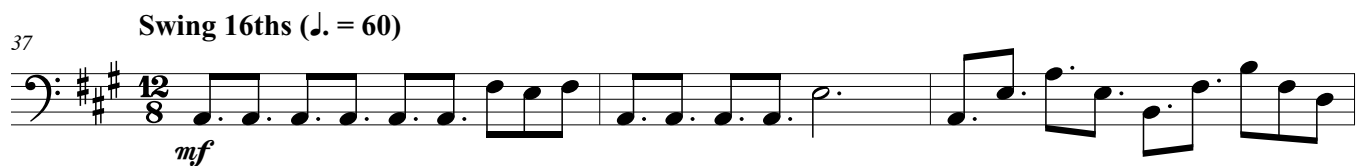
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Bass



Relaxed tempo (♩. = 44)
Swing 16ths

Straight 16ths



Drums

Although I Speak with Angel's Tongue

The Water Is Wide

O WALY WALY
setting, John Turner

Swing 8ths (♩ = 120)

Drum notation for the song, featuring various instruments and patterns:

- hi-hat**: Indicated by an 'x' over a note.
- b.d.**: Bass Drum.
- s.d.**: Snare Drum.
- ride cym**: Ride Cymbal.
- toms**: Tom-toms.
- mp**: *mezzo-piano* dynamic marking.

The notation is organized into measures, with measure numbers 5, 12, 19, 22, and 28 indicated at the start of their respective staves. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4.

Tune: English traditional

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Drums

ride (on the bell)

Swing 16ths (♩. = 60)

toms

35

mf

38

ride

toms

mp

40

46

48

f

52

rit.

mp

molto rit.

Relaxed tempo (♩. = 44)

Swing 16ths

55

molto rit.

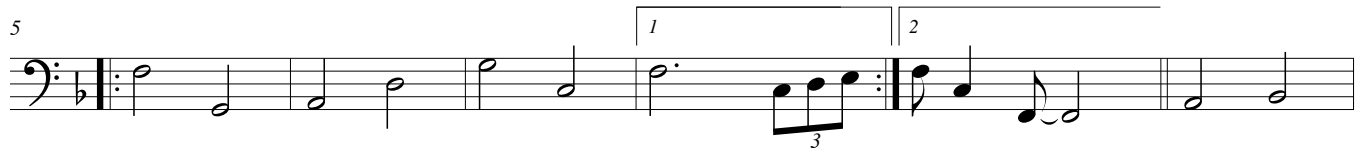
Bass

As Saints of Old

Blessed Be the God of Israel
I Sing the Almighty Power of God

FOREST GREEN
setting, John Turner

Swing 8ths (♩ = 120)



Tune: English folk tune

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Bass

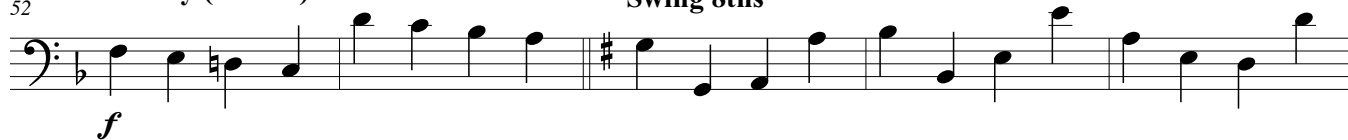
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42



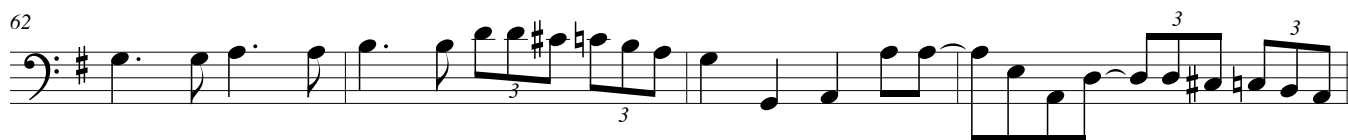
47

52 **Broadly** (♩ = 100)**Swing 8ths**

57



62



66

71 **Molto meno mosso** (♩ = 80)**Straight 8ths**

Drums

As Saints of Old

Blessed Be the God of Israel
I Sing the Almighty Power of God

FOREST GREEN
setting, John Turner

Swing 8ths (♩ = 120)

ride cym

mf hi-hat

5

10

16

Double time (♩ = ♪)

22

29

Tune: English folk tune

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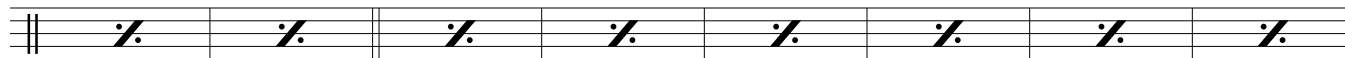
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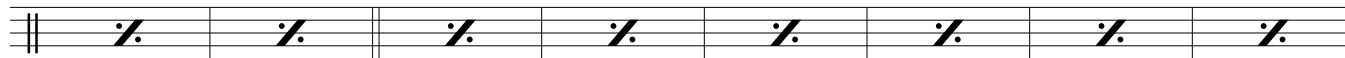
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Drums

36



44

**Broadly** (♩ = 100)

52

f

3

3

3

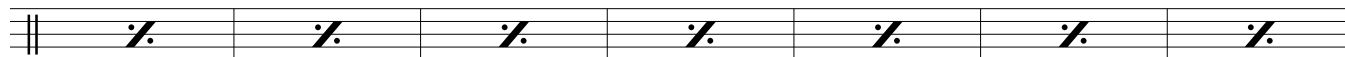
3

Swing 8ths

57



64

**Molto meno mosso** (♩ = 80)**Straight 8ths**

71

mf

molto rit.

mp

Straight 8ths

Bass

Be Thou My Vision

Lord of All Hopefulness

SLANE
setting, John Turner

Swing 8ths (♩ = 102)

pizz.

mp

5

10

15

Example 15 is a single staff in bass clef. The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes, with a repeat sign after the first two measures.

20

Example 10, Exercise 1, Part 2

25

The musical score for the bass line of 'The Rose Tree' is written on a single staff in bass clef. The time signature is 4/4. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The melody consists of the following notes: G2 (quarter), A2 (quarter), B2 (quarter), C3 (half). The first measure is G2-A2-B2-C3. The second measure is G2-A2-B2-C#3. The third measure is G2-A2-B2-C3. The fourth measure is G2-A2-B2-C3. The piece ends with a double bar line and a key signature change to two sharps (F# and C#). The tempo is marked 'J = ♩' and the dynamics are marked 'mf'.

Straight 8ths

A musical staff in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#) and a time signature of 6/8. The staff contains five measures of music. Each measure begins with a dotted quarter note on G2, followed by an eighth rest, another dotted quarter note on A2, and finally two eighth notes on B2 and C3. This pattern repeats across all five measures.

Tune: Irish traditional

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Bass

34



40

Jazz waltz
Swing 8ths

45



50



55



61



66



71



76



Drums

Be Thou My Vision

Lord of All Hopefulness

SLANE
setting, John Turner

Swing 8ths (♩ = 102)

ride cym
brushes on snare

b.d.
mp hi-hat

3

2

5

12

17

24

♩ = ♩.

2

6/8

Straight 8ths

29

6/8

Tune: Irish traditional

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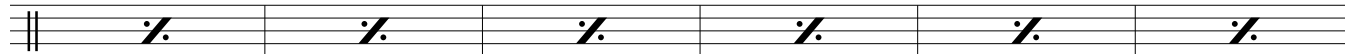
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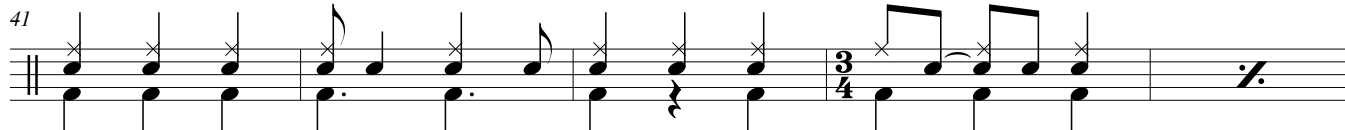
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Drums

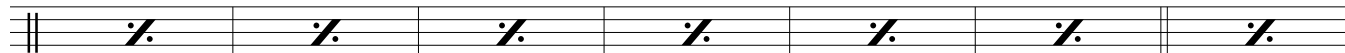
35

**Jazz waltz
Swing 8ths**

41



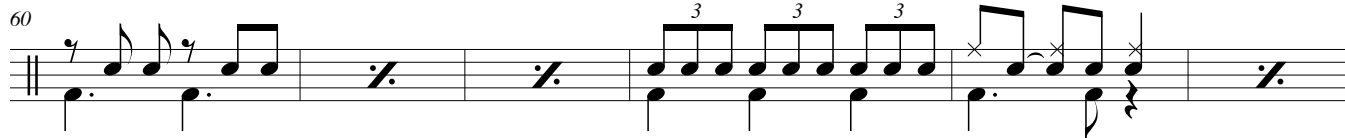
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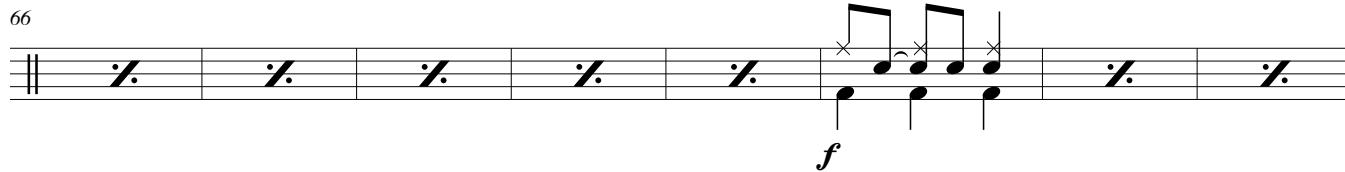
53



60



66



74



Bass

Come, O Thou Traveler Unknown

Allegro (♩ = 132)
Swing 8ths

CANDLER
 setting, John Turner

arco

mf

11 *pizz.*

17

23

29

35

41

48

The bass line is written in 3/4 time with a key signature of one flat (Bb). It begins with a half note G2, followed by quarter notes F2, E2, D2, C2, B1, A1, and G1. The first staff ends with a half note G1. The second staff starts with a half note G1 and continues with eighth notes. The third staff continues the eighth note pattern. The fourth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The fifth staff continues the eighth note pattern. The sixth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The seventh staff continues the eighth note pattern. The eighth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The ninth staff continues the eighth note pattern. The tenth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The eleventh staff continues the eighth note pattern. The twelfth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The thirteenth staff continues the eighth note pattern. The fourteenth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The fifteenth staff continues the eighth note pattern. The sixteenth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The seventeenth staff continues the eighth note pattern. The eighteenth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The nineteenth staff continues the eighth note pattern. The twentieth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The twenty-first staff continues the eighth note pattern. The twenty-second staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The twenty-third staff continues the eighth note pattern. The twenty-fourth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The twenty-fifth staff continues the eighth note pattern. The twenty-sixth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The twenty-seventh staff continues the eighth note pattern. The twenty-eighth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The twenty-ninth staff continues the eighth note pattern. The thirtieth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The thirty-first staff continues the eighth note pattern. The thirty-second staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The thirty-third staff continues the eighth note pattern. The thirty-fourth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The thirty-fifth staff continues the eighth note pattern. The thirty-sixth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The thirty-seventh staff continues the eighth note pattern. The thirty-eighth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The thirty-ninth staff continues the eighth note pattern. The fortieth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The forty-first staff continues the eighth note pattern. The forty-second staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The forty-third staff continues the eighth note pattern. The forty-fourth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. The forty-fifth staff continues the eighth note pattern. The forty-sixth staff has a repeat sign after the first measure. 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Tune: Scottish melody

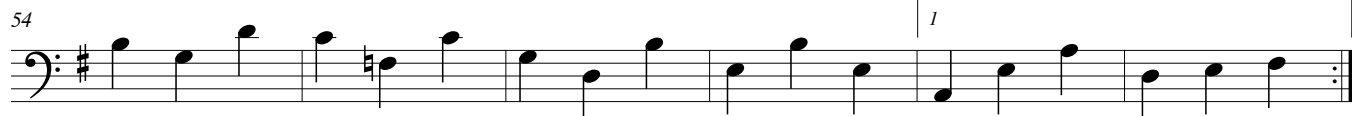
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Bass



Drums

Come, O Thou Traveler Unknown

CANDLER
setting, John Turner

Allegro (♩ = 132)
Swing 8ths

The drum score is written on a single staff in 3/4 time. It begins with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Allegro' with a quarter note equal to 132 beats per minute, and the feel is 'Swing 8ths'. The score is divided into measures by bar lines. The first measure contains a hi-hat pattern (mf) and a ride cymbal pattern. The second measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The third measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The fourth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The fifth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The sixth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The seventh measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The eighth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The ninth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The tenth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The eleventh measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The twelfth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The thirteenth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The fourteenth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The fifteenth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The sixteenth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The seventeenth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The eighteenth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The nineteenth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The twentieth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The twenty-first measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The twenty-second measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The twenty-third measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The twenty-fourth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The twenty-fifth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The twenty-sixth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The twenty-seventh measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The twenty-eighth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The twenty-ninth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The thirtieth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. 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The ninety-ninth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern. The hundredth measure contains a ride cymbal pattern.

Tune: Scottish melody

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Drums

60 ²

60 61 62 63 64 65 66

67

67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74

75

75 76 77 78 79 80 81

mp

82

82 83 84 85 86 87

88

88 89 90 91 92 93

94

94 95 96 97 98 99

mf

100

100 101 102 103 104 105

106

106 107 108 109 110 111

Molto meno mosso

112

112 113 114 115 116 117

p

Bass

Come, Thou Fount of Every Blessing

NETTLETON
setting, John Turner

$\text{♩} = 174$ *pizz.*

The bass line is written in 5/4 time with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It consists of seven staves of music. The first staff begins with a whole rest, followed by a series of dotted half notes and quarter notes. The second staff continues with dotted half notes and quarter notes. The third staff has a measure rest followed by dotted half notes and quarter notes. The fourth staff continues with dotted half notes and quarter notes. The fifth staff begins with a double bar line, followed by eighth notes and quarter notes. The sixth staff continues with eighth notes and quarter notes. The seventh staff begins with a double bar line, followed by dotted half notes and quarter notes. Dynamics include *mp* (mezzo-piano) and *mf* (mezzo-forte).

5

10

15

mf

19

23

27

31

mp

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Bass

36 1 2

mf

41

46 *p < f*

51 *mf* *mp*

56

61

66 *mf*

71

76 *f*

81 *mf* *f* *ff*

Drums

Come, Thou Fount of Every Blessing

NETTLETON
setting, John Turner

♩ = 174

use brushes on toms

5/4

b.d.
mp

5

13

mf

19

26

33

mp

36

1 2

mf

crash cym.

39

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Drums

45 crash cym.

p $\triangleleft$ *f*

50

53

mf *mp*

58

66

mf

73

78

f hi-hat

83

mf *f* toms

Bass

God, Who Made the Earth and Heaven

AR HYD Y NOS
setting, John Turner

$\text{♩} = 74$
pizz.
mf

4 *mp*

7

10 *mf*

14 *mp*

18

21 $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$ Swing 8ths ($\text{♩} = 152$)
rit. *mf*

24

The musical score is written for a bass instrument in a 12/8 time signature. It begins with a tempo marking of quarter note = 74 and a dynamic of mezzo-forte (mf). The first staff contains measures 1-3, marked 'pizz.' (pizzicato). The second staff (measures 4-6) is marked 'mp' (mezzo-piano). The third staff (measures 7-9) continues the melody. The fourth staff (measures 10-13) is marked 'mf'. The fifth staff (measures 14-17) is marked 'mp' and includes an accent mark (>) over the eighth measure. The sixth staff (measures 18-20) continues the melody. At measure 21, the tempo changes to 'Swing 8ths' with a new tempo marking of quarter note = 152. The key signature changes from one flat (Bb) to one sharp (F#). The seventh staff (measures 21-23) is marked 'rit.' (ritardando) and 'mf'. The eighth staff (measures 24-26) continues the melody in the new key signature.

Tune: Welsh traditional

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2

Bass

28



32



36



40



44



48



52



56



Drums

God, Who Made the Earth and Heaven

AR HYD Y NOS
setting, John Turner

Musical score for "Swing 8ths" (♩ = 152). The score is divided into three systems, each with a piano part and a drum part.

System 1 (Measures 1-7): The piano part is in 12/8 time with a tempo of ♩ = 74. It features a melodic line with dynamics *mp*, *mf*, *mp*, *mf*, and *sim.* The drum part includes a hi-hat pattern and a bass drum line.

System 2 (Measures 8-13): The piano part continues with a melodic line and dynamics *mf*. The drum part features a complex pattern with various note values and rests.

System 3 (Measures 14-21): The piano part continues with a melodic line and dynamics *p* and *rit.* The drum part features a complex pattern with various note values and rests.

System 4 (Measures 22-25): The piano part is in 6/4 time with a tempo of ♩ = 152. It features a melodic line with dynamics *mf*. The drum part features a complex pattern with various note values and rests.

Tune: Welsh traditional

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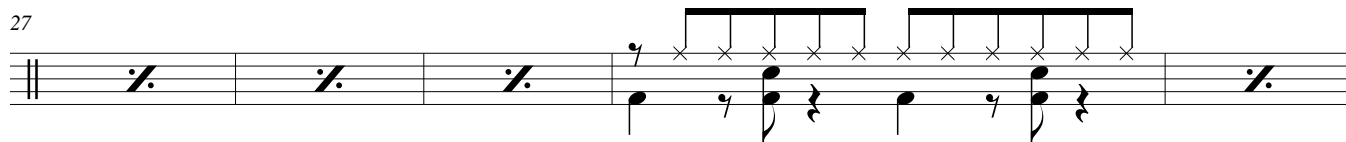
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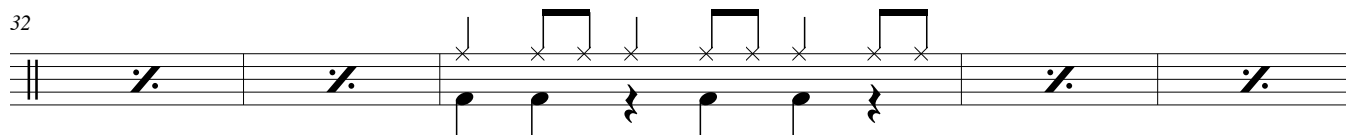
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Drums

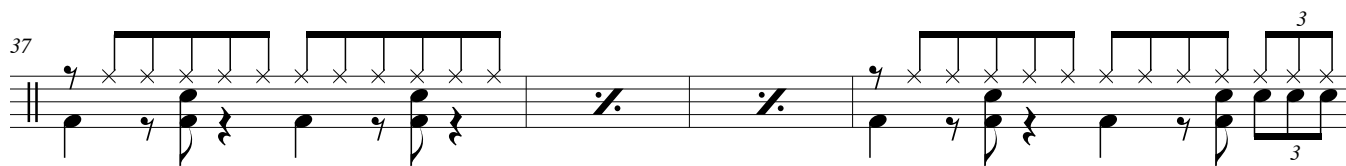
27



32



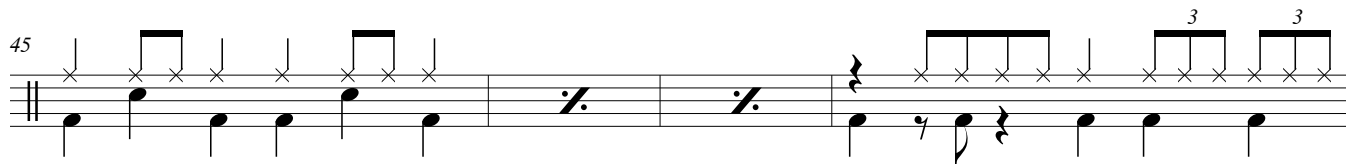
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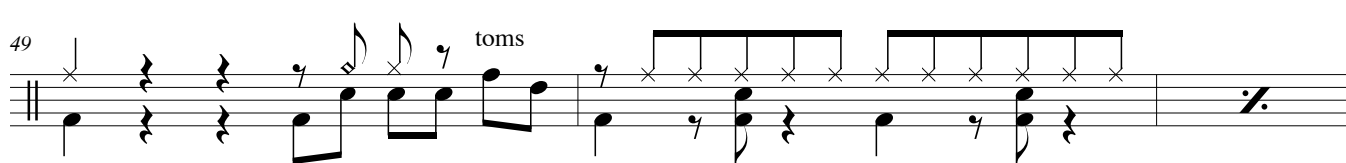
41

***f***

45

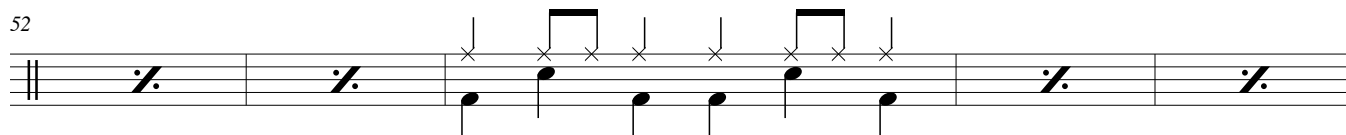


49



toms

52



Molto meno mosso
Straight 8ths

57

***mf****rit.*

Bass

Let All Things Now Living

Sent Forth by God's Blessing

Allegro (♩ = 138)**Swing 8ths***pizz.**mf*THE ASH GROVE
setting, John Turner

Tune: Welsh folk tune

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Celtic Jazz: Hymn Settings, by John Turner, ISBN 978-1-5064-5723-9

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Bass

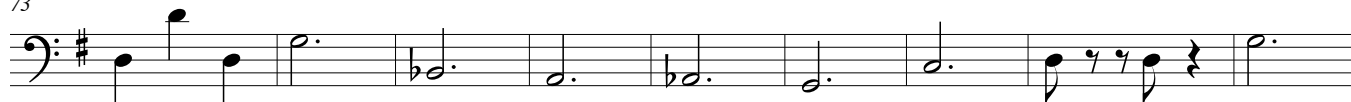
60



66



73



82



89



95



102



108



114



Meno mosso
Straight 8ths

121



Drums

Let All Things Now Living

Sent Forth by God's Blessing

THE ASH GROVE
setting, John Turner

Allegro (♩ = 138)
Swing 8ths

The drum score is written on a single staff in 3/4 time. It consists of 50 measures, divided into systems of five measures each. The notation includes various drum symbols: hi-hat (x), ride cym (on the bell) (x), toms (x), and crash cym (x). The score is marked with measure numbers 8, 15, 22, 28, 35, 43, and 50. The tempo is Allegro (♩ = 138) and the feel is Swing 8ths. The score includes several triplet markings (3) and rests. The notation is as follows:

- Measures 1-7: hi-hat, ride cym, toms, and rests.
- Measures 8-14: ride cym, toms, and rests.
- Measures 15-21: toms, ride cym, and rests.
- Measures 22-27: toms, ride cym, and rests.
- Measures 28-34: crash cym, toms, and rests.
- Measures 35-42: toms, hi-hat, and rests.
- Measures 43-49: toms, hi-hat, and rests.
- Measure 50: toms, hi-hat, and rests.

Tune: Welsh folk tune

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Drums

57

toms

64

ride

toms

70

toms

76

84

toms

90

98

106

113

toms

Meno mosso
Straight 8ths

119

mp

rit.

p

Bass

Morning Has Broken

Praise and Thanksgiving

BUNESSAN
setting, John Turner

Swing 8ths (♩ = 140)

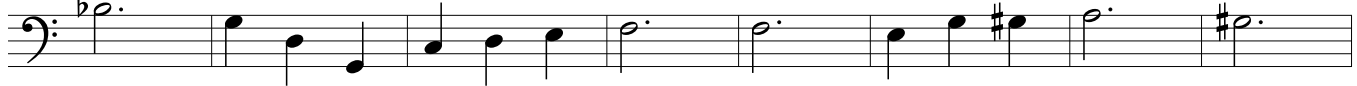
pizz.



9



18



26



34



42



49



Tune: Gaelic melody

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57 *p.* *p.* **Straight 8ths**

65



65

74 Swing 8ths

f

82

90

3

4

[illegible]

105

The musical score for measures 105-108 is written in bass clef with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). Measure 105 begins with a *mp* (mezzo-piano) dynamic and a crescendo hairpin. The melody consists of quarter notes: B-flat, A-flat, G, and F. Measure 106 continues with quarter notes: E-flat, D, C, and B-flat. Measure 107 features a *rit.* (ritardando) hairpin, followed by quarter notes: A-flat, G, F, and E-flat. Measure 108 starts with an *arco* marking, a half note B-flat, and a *mf* (mezzo-forte) dynamic. The piece concludes with a final half note B-flat marked *mp* (mezzo-piano).

Drums

Morning Has Broken

Praise and Thanksgiving

BUNESSAN
setting, John Turner

Swing 8ths (♩ = 140)

ride cym brushes on snare

Musical score for "The Sound of Silence" by Simon & Garfunkel. The score is written for piano and hi-hat. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 7, 17, 27, 34, 43, and 53 indicated. The piano part includes dynamics such as *mp* (mezzo-piano) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). The hi-hat part includes a "hi-hat" label. The score includes various musical notations, including eighth notes, quarter notes, and rests, as well as a "r.s." (ritardando) marking.

Tune: Gaelic melody

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Drums

60 **Straight 8ths**

67

p *mf*

74 **Swing 8ths**

p *mf* r.s.

81

f 2 2 2

89

2 2 2 4 4

97

2 2 2 *mp*

105

2 2 rit. *mf* *p*

Bass

On Christmas Night

SUSSEX CAROL
setting, John Turner

Allegro (♩ = 144)
Swing 8ths

pizz.

The musical score is written for a bass instrument in 6/4 time. It begins with a key signature of one flat (Bb) and a tempo of Allegro (♩ = 144) in a swing 8ths feel. The first staff includes a *pizz.* (pizzicato) marking and dynamic markings of *mp* (mezzo-piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *mp* again with a crescendo hairpin. The score is divided into systems of four staves each, with measure numbers 6, 12, 17, 21, 26, and 31 indicated at the start of each system. The notation includes various note values, rests, and articulation marks such as slurs and hairpins.

Tune: English traditional

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Bass

36

f *mp sub.*

41

46

mf

50

f *ff*

54

59

64

f *mf* *mp rit.*

On Christmas Night

SUSSEX CAROL
setting, John Turner

Allegro (♩ = 144)
Swing 8ths

ride cym

6

14

20

26

34

bell of ride cym

mp

mf

mp

f

mp sub.

Tune: English traditional

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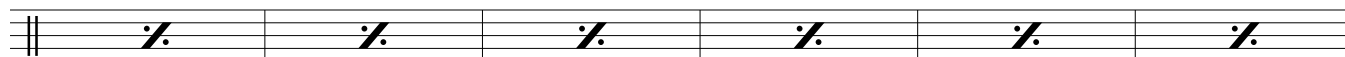
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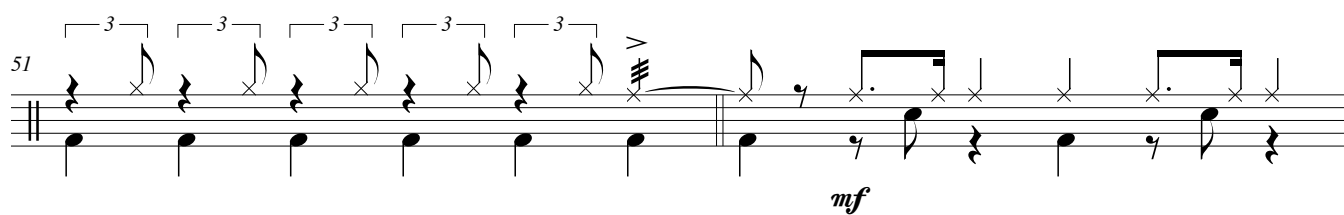
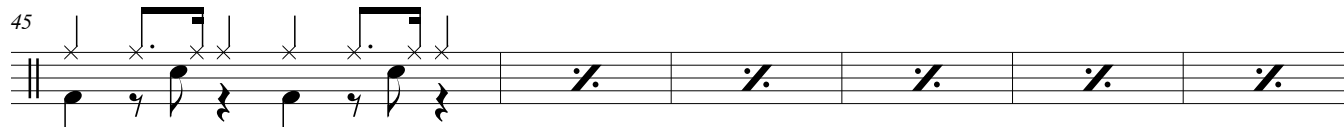
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Drums

39

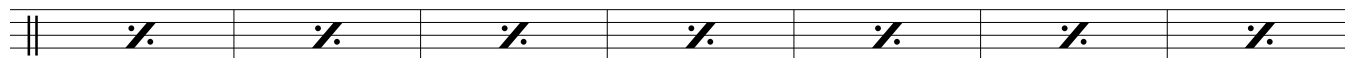


normal



Straight 8ths

58



Swing 8ths

Straight 8ths

